GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE BY-LAW

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. STATUS 2
2. INTERPRETATION 2
3. PURPOSE 2
4. GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE 2
5. REPEAL OF THE FFA GRIEVANCE RESOLUTION REGULATIONS 3
6. CONSTITUENT EXCLUSION AGREEMENT 3
7. JURISDICTION OF GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE 4
8. STATE BODY MEMBER DISPUTE RESOLUTION 4
9. COURT OF ARBITRATION FOR SPORT 5
10. DEFINITIONS 5
1. **STATUS**

1.1 This Grievance Procedure By-law is made by the Directors under the powers conferred on them by the Constitution. It is to be known as the Grievance Procedure By-Law.

1.2 This Grievance Procedure By-Law forms part of the FFA Grievance Procedure.

1.3 This Grievance Procedure By-law forms part of the FFA Statutes.

1.4 This Grievance Procedure By-Law comes into effect on 11 November 2015 and remains in effect until amended, repealed or replaced by the Directors.

2. **INTERPRETATION**

2.1 Any capitalised terms used in this Grievance Procedure By-Law that are not defined in clause 10.1 of this Grievance Procedure By-Law have the meaning prescribed in the Constitution.

2.2 This Grievance Procedure By-Law must be interpreted in accordance with articles 43.2, 43.3, 43.4 and 43.5 of the Constitution.

2.3 A reference in any part of the FFA Statutes to disciplinary sanctions as specified in “Part V of the FFA Statutes” means the types of disciplinary sanctions specified in article 21.4 of the Constitution.

2.4 A reference in any part of the FFA Statutes to “Member Federation” means a State Body Member.

3. **PURPOSE**

3.1 The purpose of this Grievance Procedure By-Law is to:

(a) repeal the Grievance Resolution Regulations to the extent specified in this Grievance Procedure By-Law;

(b) provide for the FFA Grievance Procedure, being a mandatory and final and binding form of dispute resolution for disputes involving Constituents; and

(c) identify the jurisdiction of the FFA Grievance Procedure and the various bodies and tribunals that exercise it.

4. **GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE**

4.1 The FFA Grievance Procedure of FFA is provided for through this Grievance Procedure By-Law, the Judicial Bodies By-Law, the National Arbitration Tribunal Regulations, the National Dispute Resolution Chamber Regulations and any other procedures published by FFA and notified by FFA as forming part of the Grievance Procedure.
4.2 The FFA Grievance Procedure does not apply to:
   (a) the National Anti-Doping Policy or the Anti-Doping Tribunal; or
   (b) matters falling within the exclusive jurisdiction of FIFA or the AFC.

5. **REPEAL OF THE FFA GRIEVANCE RESOLUTION REGULATIONS**

5.1 Subject to clause 5.3, the Grievance Resolution Regulations are repealed as from the date on which this By-Law comes into operation.

5.2 Subject to clause 5.3, a reference to the Grievance Resolution Regulations in any part of the FFA Statutes other than this Grievance Procedure By-Law means the FFA Grievance Procedure.

5.3 The Grievance Resolution Regulations will remain in effect:
   (a) for any dispute in respect of which prior to the commencement date of this Grievance Procedure By-Law a request for determination has been lodged with FFA and an arbitrator has been appointed; and
   (b) to the extent required where they have been incorporated by reference into the rules or regulations of a State Body Member, a District Association, Competition Administrator (other than FFA) or Club,

and accordingly a reference to the Grievance Resolution Regulations in this context continues to be a reference to the Grievance Resolution Regulations and not to the Grievance Procedure.

6. **CONSTITUENT EXCLUSION AGREEMENT**

6.1 Each Constituent submits exclusively to the jurisdiction of the FFA Grievance Procedure and agrees that:
   (a) it will not attempt to resolve any Grievance in any court of law or tribunal;
   (b) the determination of a matter made in accordance with the Judicial Bodies By-Law, the National Arbitration Tribunal Regulations or the National Dispute Resolution Chamber Regulations is final and binding on all parties; and
   (c) there will be no right of appeal under sections 34 (Application for setting aside as exclusive recourse against arbitral award) or 34A (Appeals against awards), and no right to apply for the determination of a question of law under section 27J (Determination of preliminary point of law by the Court) of the Commercial Arbitration Act 2010 (NSW) or equivalent or similar legislation in any of the Australian states or territories or Commonwealth.
7. **JURISDICTION OF GRIEVANCE PROCEDURE**

7.1 The jurisdiction of the Judicial Bodies to hear and determine disputes is specified in the Judicial Bodies By-Law and such disputes must be administered and heard in accordance with the Judicial Bodies By-Law.

7.2 The jurisdiction of the National Arbitration Tribunal to hear and determine disputes is specified in the National Arbitration Tribunal Regulations and such disputes must be administered and heard in accordance with the National Arbitration Tribunal Regulations.

7.3 The jurisdiction of the National Dispute Resolution Chamber to hear and determine disputes is specified in the National Dispute Resolution Chamber Regulations and such disputes must be administered and heard in accordance with the National Dispute Resolution Chamber Regulations.

7.4 Subject to clause 7.5, in the event there is uncertainty as to whether the jurisdiction of the Judicial Bodies By-Law, the National Arbitration Tribunal Regulations or the National Dispute Resolution Chamber Regulations applies, then the Chair of the Disciplinary and Ethics Committee will determine which body shall hear the application and such determination is final and binding.

7.5 Where uncertainty arises due to a dispute having one or more elements which fall within the jurisdiction of the:

   (a) Judicial Bodies; and

   (b) National Arbitration Tribunal and/or the National Dispute Resolution Chamber,

then the Chair of the Disciplinary and Ethics Committee must direct that the dispute must be heard by the Judicial Bodies in accordance with the Judicial Bodies By-Law and in such circumstances the Judicial Body may hear and determine those elements which would otherwise not fall within its jurisdiction.

8. **STATE BODY MEMBER DISPUTE RESOLUTION**

8.1 A State Body Member:

   (a) has jurisdiction to determine disputes or grievances that arise between Constituents within that State Body Member’s jurisdiction, including its District Associations, Clubs, Players and Officials, and in relation to competitions, tournaments or matches under that State Body Member’s control;

   (b) must ensure its grievance procedure is not inconsistent with any term of the FFA Statutes or this Grievance Procedure By-Law and submit it to FFA for prior approval; and

   (c) must, if requested by FFA in writing, allow FFA to be heard and to make submissions in a State Body Member disciplinary investigation or hearing.

8.2 FFA reserves the right to intervene in a State Body Member investigation or hearing if it thinks, in its absolute discretion, that the matter has the potential to adversely affect FFA or
football generally or is a matter of general importance to football. FFA exercises its right of intervention by serving notice on the State Body Member and, from the date of that notice, FFA takes over the investigation and determination of the matter with its decision binding on all parties.

8.3 FFA reserves the right to sanction serious infringements of the objectives of FFA if a State Body Member (or their District Association, Competition Administrator or Club) fails to prosecute infringements committed.

8.4 A reference in any part of the rules and regulations of a State Body Member to disciplinary sanctions as specified in “Part V of the FFA Statutes” means the types of disciplinary sanctions specified in article 21.4 of the Constitution.

8.5 FFA recognises under this Grievance Procedure By-Law an independent and duly constituted appeal tribunal of a State Body Member.

9. COURT OF ARBITRATION FOR SPORT

FFA recognises CAS as an independent judicial authority and will ensure that its Constituents comply with decisions passed by CAS where applicable.

10. DEFINITIONS

10.1 In this Grievance Procedure By-Law:

*Anti-Doping Tribunal* means the Anti-Doping Tribunal referred to in the National Anti-Doping Policy.

*CAS* means the Court of Arbitration for Sport, with its headquarters currently based in Lausanne, Switzerland.

*Grievance* means a matter, the resolution of which is provided for by the FFA Grievance Procedure.

*Grievance Procedure By-Law* means this Grievance Procedure By-Law promulgated by the Directors in accordance with the Constitution.

*Grievance Resolution Regulations* means the grievance resolution regulations promulgated by FFA and which came into force on 1 January 2007.

*Judicial Bodies By-Law* means the Judicial Bodies By-Law promulgated by the Directors in accordance with the Constitution.

*National Arbitration Tribunal* means the FFA National Arbitration Tribunal established pursuant to the Arbitration Tribunal Regulations.

*National Arbitration Tribunal Regulations* means the FFA National Arbitration Tribunal Regulations.

*National Dispute Resolution Chamber* means the National Dispute Resolution Chamber established pursuant to the National Dispute Resolution Chamber Regulations.
Grievance Procedure By-Law

_National Dispute Resolution Chamber Regulations_ means the National Dispute Resolution Chamber Regulations agreed between FFA and the Professional Footballers Australia Incorporated.